# Thi 360 THE SCIENCE OF IMPROVING LIVES

CIES 2013 What do secondary education graduates need to know to succeed in an emerging African economy? Study of the Institute of Technology in Equatorial Guinea

Sergio Ramírez-Mena FHI 360 March 16, 2013

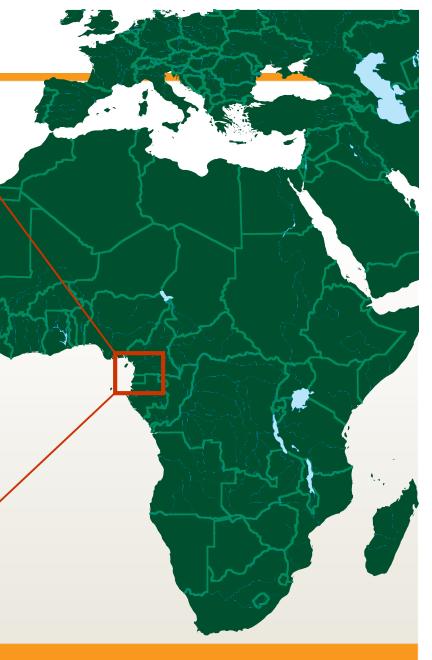
## Education Sector and Economic Sector: Who's the hare? Who's and tortoise?





# **Equatorial Guinea**

Location:	Western Africa, between Cameroon and Gabon
Area:	28,051 sq km, almost size of Maryland Island and continental regions
Population:	670,001 (July 2009 est.)
Life Expectancy:	51 years (avg. 77 for high income non-OECD)
GDP	\$19B USD (2011)
GNI per Capita	\$15,670 (2011 World Bank) (avg. \$21K for High Income Non-OECD)
Languages:	Multilingual and multicultural Spanish is official language
Resources	Discovery of oil and natural gas in 90s has propelled country economic status dramatically





### Background

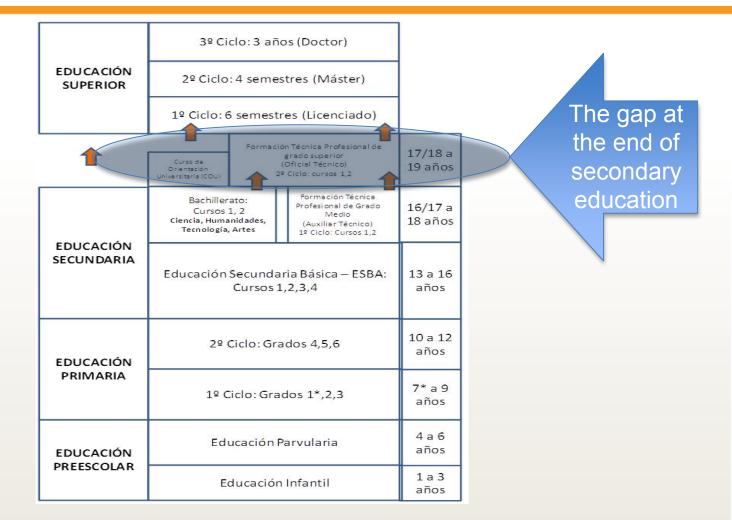
- FHI 360's EG education work since 2005
- Rapid economic expansion bypasses young population without secondary education (SE)
- 1 in 10 graduates from SE lacking skills to enter work force
- Better prepared foreign workers fill vacancies
- National Institute of Technology created to supply graduates for one sector only: oil fhi 360

# The Study of the Institute of Technology of EG

- Sponsored by Hess Corporation in support of the Institute of Technology
- Provides insight about actual skills required of graduates based on *local* job market needs
- Reviews economic and labor force demands across all major sectors, not just oil (i.e. accountants, mechanics, electricians, pipe fitters, etc.)
- Provides recommendations to make secondary education more responsive to market



# EG education system at a glance

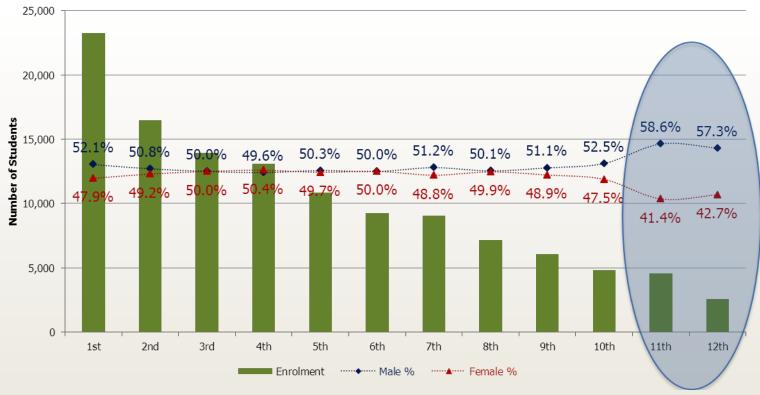


10 years to reach technical vocational training



## **EG Enrollment Evolution**

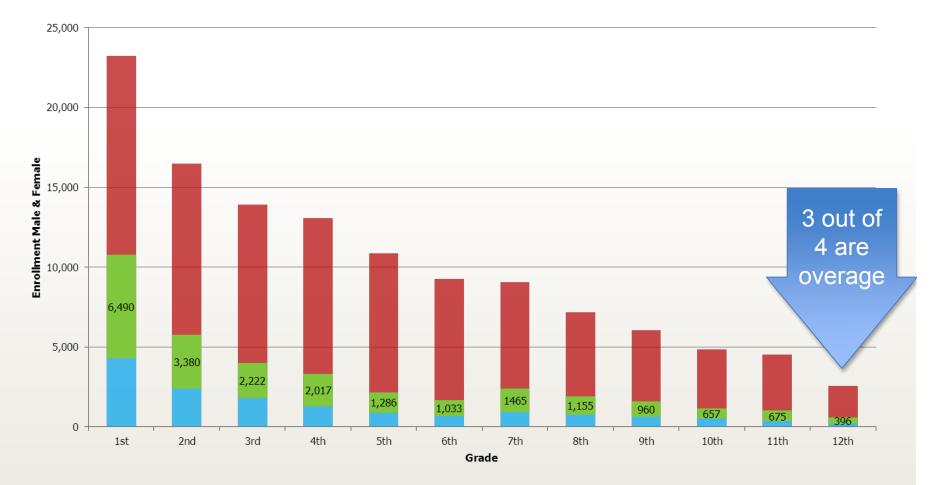
1 in 10 complete 12th grade, Women participation drops in 11<sup>th</sup> and 12<sup>th</sup> grades Limiting pool of applicants to technical education



MEC Statistics 2010-11



## **EG Education by Age**



■ Underage ■ At-age ■ Overage

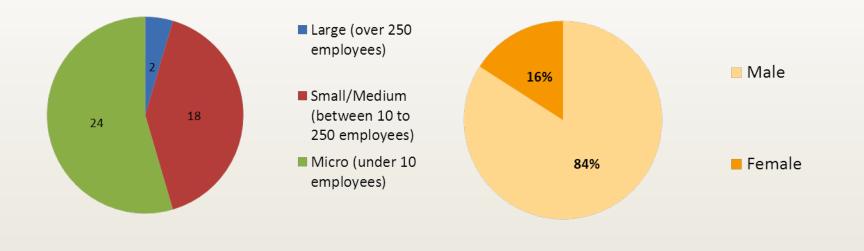


## **The Study**

- Survey covered
  - Employer survey: 44 companies
  - Tracer Study of Institute graduates: 98 workers

Size of Organizations Surveyed

Institute Graduates in Oil Sector by Gender



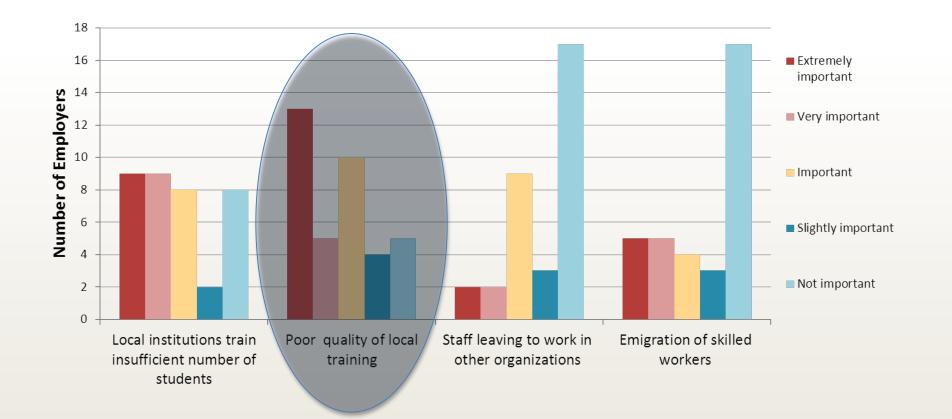


# **Key Findings from the Employer Survey**



# **Employer Survey: Findings**

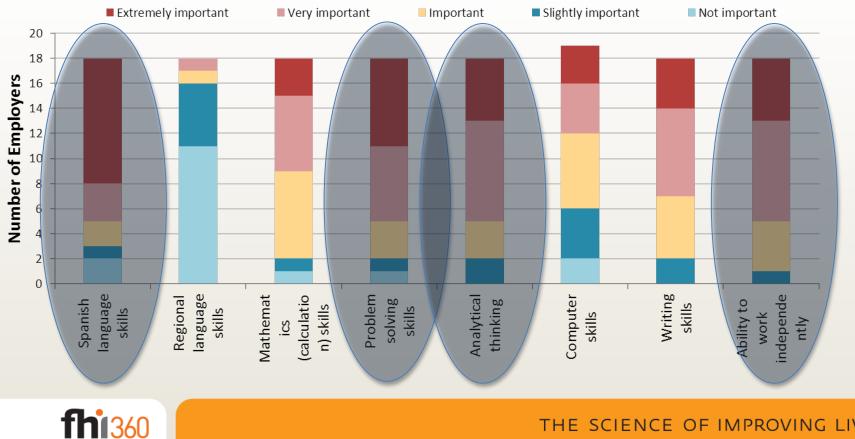
#### In your opinion,





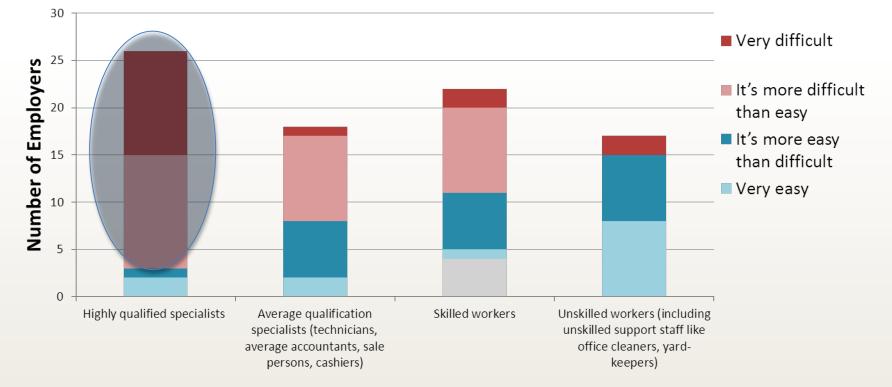
# **Employer Survey: Findings**

What are the basic skills you are looking for in new employees, particularly for jobs you are currently in recruitment?



# **Employer Survey: Findings**

#### How difficult is it to find skilled labor to fill vacancies in your firm?







- What personal and basic skills do enterprises consider most important?
  - Personal skills: punctuality, commitment, honesty, intellectual skill level, and personal appearance
  - Basic skills: communication (including Spanish language), general literacy, customer relation skills, and problem solving.
- Skills absent from current secondary education, highly dependent on personal background
- The majority of labor market demand is for jobs requiring secondary school education, and a large proportion with post secondary qualifications



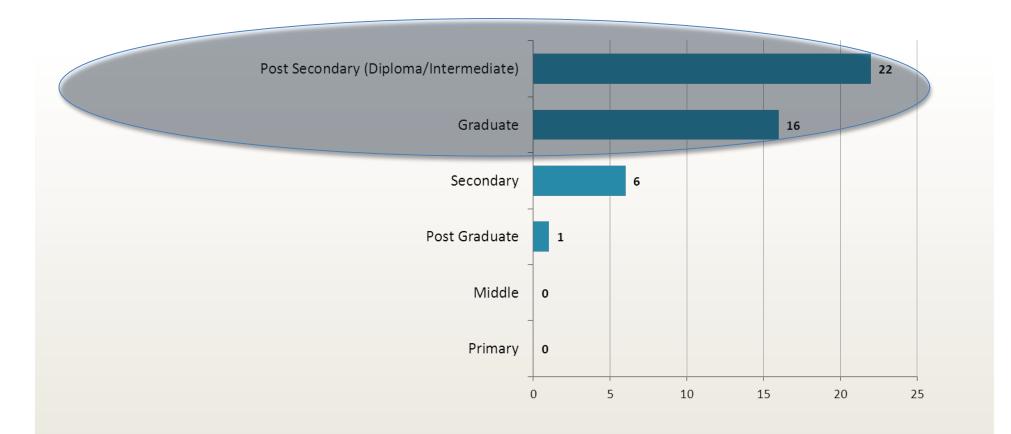
# Key Findings from the Tracer Study of Institute Graduates



# Education level required to gain admission to the Institute

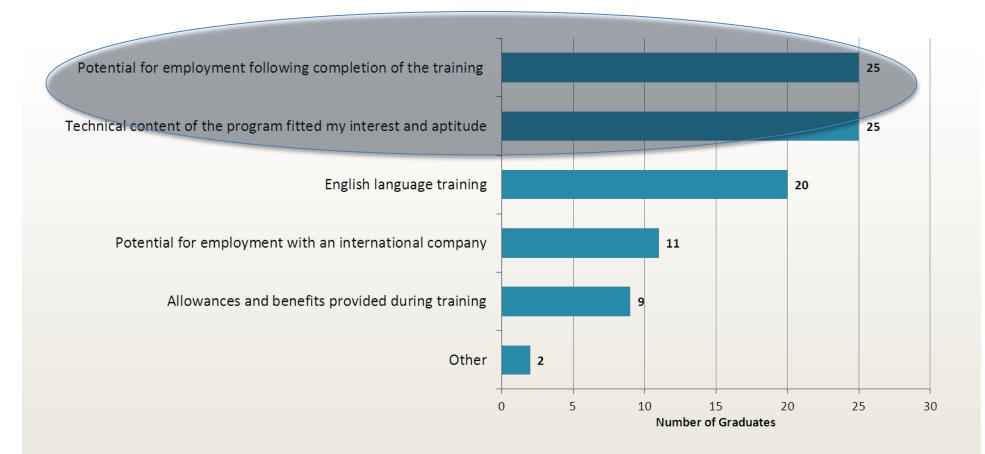
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What academic level of education did you have when admitted to the Institute?



# **Tracer Study: Findings**

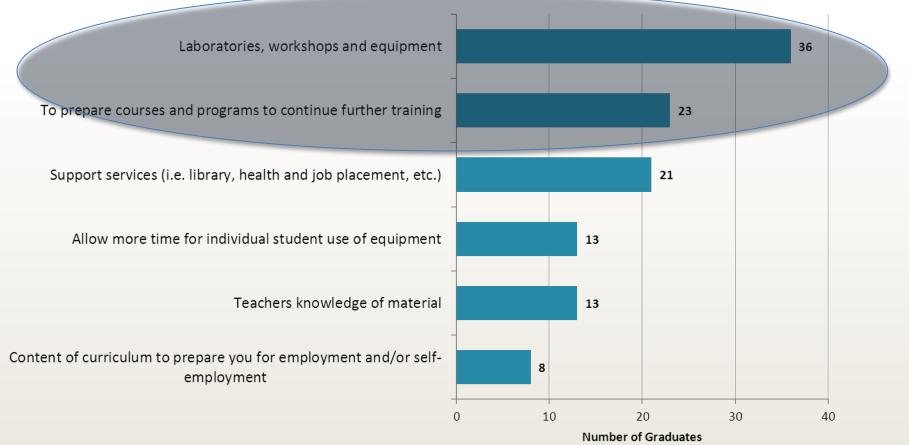
#### What are the two most important factors to enroll in the Institute?





# **Tracer Study: Findings**

What would you improve in your training in secondary and technical education?



Items not selected by any respondents: Disbursement of allowances; Job placement services; Exams and grading system





- Institute picks the "elite" of the public schools
- Majority of Institute applicants had university degrees
- Hands on practice and access to laboratory (equipment) seen as key
- Most see Institute as a key step to continue education specialization, especially overseas
- Institute degree clearly linked to job prospects



# Implications for Secondary Education

- Secondary education is the bridge (or gap) to access advanced degrees, esp. technical training
- Reduce overage students, reduce repetition
- National compulsory education through 10<sup>th</sup> grade
- Shifting secondary curriculum from prescriptive professional tracks to a core transferable skills
- Prepare graduates that are life-long learners that know how to leverage technology and communicate in English



#### Future secondary education core skills

*Basic skills*: RRR focused on communication

Thinking skills: problem solving, independent thinking, reasoning and use of technology Personal skills: responsibility, integrity, sociability, leadership, selfmotivation



### Thank you

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